

INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE UNIFICATION OF PRIVATE LAW INSTITUT INTERNATIONAL POUR L'UNIFICATION DU DROIT PRIVE

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FINANCE COMMITTEE 81st session Rome, 6 April 2017 UNIDROIT 2017 F.C. (81) 3 rev. Original: English June 2017

Item No. 3 on the Agenda: Classification of member States in the UNIDROIT Contributions Chart

(Memorandum of the Secretariat)

Action to be taken

Formulate proposals to the General Assembly for the reclassification of certain member States in the contributions chart in accordance with article 16 of the Unidroit Statute

Related documents

Unidroit Statute, Unidroit 2010 F.C. (67) 3, Unidroit 1998 - A.G. (52) 8 rev., Unidroit 1998 - A.G. (52)13, Unidroit 2004 -A.G. (58) 10, Unidroit 2011 - A.G. (69) 1, Unidroit 2012 - A.G. (71) 10, Unidroit 2014 - A.G. (73) 9

A. Basic rules on assessment of contributions

- 1. The basic rules on the financing of UNIDROIT are set forth in Article 16, paragraphs 1-6, of the UNIDROIT Statute, which read as follows:
 - "1.— The yearly expenditure relating to the operation and maintenance of the Institute shall be covered by the income specified in the budget of the Institute, including in particular the ordinary basic contribution of the Italian Government, the promoter of the Institute, as approved by the Italian Parliament, which that Government declares to be set, as from 1985, at 300 million Italian lire per annum, a figure which may be revised at the end of each period of three years by the law approving the budget of the Italian State, as well as the ordinary annual contributions of the other participating Governments.
 - "2. For the purpose of apportioning the part of the yearly expenditure not covered by the ordinary contribution of the Italian Government or by income from other sources among the other participating Governments, the latter shall be classified in categories. Corresponding to each category shall be a particular number of units.
 - "3.— The number of categories, the number of units corresponding to each category, the amount of each unit, and the classification of each Government in a category, shall be determined by a resolution of the General Assembly adopted by a majority of two thirds of the Members present and voting, on the basis of a proposal by a Committee appointed by the Assembly. In this classification, the Assembly shall take account, among other considerations, of the national income of the country concerned.
 - "4.– Decisions adopted by the General Assembly in accordance with paragraph 3 of this Article may be revised, every three years, by a further resolution of the General Assembly, adopted by a majority of two thirds of the Members present and voting, at the same time as its decision mentioned in paragraph 3 of Article 5.
 - "5.- Resolutions of the General Assembly adopted in accordance with paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article shall be notified to each participating Government by the Italian Government.
 - "6.— During a period of one year following the notification mentioned in paragraph 5 of this Article, each participating Government may put forward objections against resolutions concerning its classification for consideration at the next session of the General Assembly. The Assembly shall give its decision by means of a resolution, adopted by a majority of two thirds of the Members present and voting, which shall be notified by the Italian Government to the participating Government concerned. The latter Government shall, however, have the option of withdrawing from membership of the Institute, following the procedure under paragraph 3 of Article 19."
- 2. Information on the evolution of the methodology since the system of mandatory contributions was introduced, in 1965, with the introduction of the current paragraphs 2 to 10 of Article 16 of the Statute was provided to the Finance Committee at its 67th session (Rome, 25 March 2010) (UNIDROIT 2010 F.C: (67) 3).

B. Methodology for the classification of member States in the chart of contributions

3. The current methodology for the classification of member States in the UNIDROIT contributions chart in accordance Article 16, paragraph 3, of the UNIDROIT Statute, is the result of a decision taken by the General Assembly of UNIDROIT at its 52^{nd} session (Rome, 27 November 1998), when the Assembly resolved to adopt a classification methodology proposed by the Secretariat and approved by the Finance Committee at its 51^{st} session (Rome, 6 October 1998).

- 4. That proposal made provision, as in the past, for the classification of member States of UNIDROIT into eight categories plus a special category, which reflected, with some exceptions for specific, contingent reasons, the classification of member States as based on the contributions chart of the United Nations accepted by all member States of UNIDROIT. Member States were thus to be classified as follows:
- (a) Category I (corresponding to 50 units of contribution): States whose contribution to the UN budget amounted to more than 3%;
- (b) Category II (corresponding to 22 units of contribution): States whose contribution to the UN budget ranged from 2% to 3%;
- (c) Category III (corresponding to 18 units of contribution): States whose percentage contributions to the United Nations budget range from 1.00% to 2.00%;
- (d) Category IV (corresponding to 13 units of contribution): States whose percentage contributions to the United Nations budget range from 0.960% to 0.999%;
- (e) Category V (corresponding to 11 units of contribution): States whose percentage contributions to the United Nations budget range from 0.500% to 0.959%;
- (f) Category VI (corresponding to 9 units of contribution): States whose percentage contributions to the United Nations budget range from 0.450% to 0.499%
- (g) Category VII (corresponding to 8 units of contribution): States whose percentage contributions to the United Nations budget range from 0.115% to 0.449%
- (h) Category VIII (corresponding to 5 units of contribution): States whose percentage contributions to the United Nations budget range from 0.005% to 0.114%
- (i) Special category (corresponding to 1 unit of contribution): States whose percentage contributions to the United Nations budget range from 0.0% to 0.004% (see Unidroit 1998 A.G. (52) 8 rev. and Unidroit 1998 AG(52)13, p. 12).
- 5. The General Assembly has revised the contributions chart pursuant to Article 16, paragraph 4, of the Unidroit Statute twice since 1998: at its 58th session (Rome, 26 November 2004), in connection with the approval of the budget for the financial year 2005 (Unidroit 2004 A.G. (58) 10, pp. 8-12); and again by special resolution adopted at its 69th session (Rome, 1 December 2011) (Unidroit 2011 A.G. (69) 11, Annex III), confirmed by resolution (71) 1, adopted by the General Assembly at its 71st session (Rome, 29 November 2012) (Unidroit 2012 A.G. (71) 10, Annex II). In its resolution of 1 December 2011, the General Assembly expressly reaffirmed the number of categories, the number of units corresponding to each category and the criteria currently used to classify member States, as set forth in Appendix I thereto.
- 6. In accordance with periodicity contemplated in Article 16, paragraph 4, of the UNIDROIT Statute, the contributions chart adopted in 2011, at the 69^{th} session of the General Assembly, should have been revised again in 2014. However, at its 73^{rd} session (Rome, 11 December 2014), the General Assembly, when considering the Report of the Finance Committee on the work of its 76^{th} session (Rome, 25 September 2014), decided that the review of the classification of the contributions of member States, in accordance with Article 16(4) of the UNIDROIT Statute, would occur once every six years, deferring the next reclassification process to 2017 (see UNIDROIT 2014 A.G. (73) 9, para. 40).

C. Proposed adjustments to the contributions chart

- 7. The UN scale of assessments has been revised twice since 2011. The latest revision, which sets forth the scale of assessments for the contributions of Member States to the regular budget of the United Nations for 2016, 2017 and 2018 was adopted by resolution of the UN General Assembly No. A/RES/70/245, of 23 December 2015 (Appendix I).
- 8. That resolution fixed the assessment rate of thirteen member States of UNIDROIT (Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Egypt, India, Indonesia, Iran, Mexico, Nigeria, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Turkey and Venezuela), at a level that, if applied to the UNIDROIT contributions chart, would entail their reclassification into a higher category. For eight member States (Belgium, Canada, Finland, Greece, Ireland, Portugal, Sweden and South Africa), in turn, the UN scale of assessment for the triennium 2016-2018 would result in their classification in a lower category. Appendix II to this memorandum contains a revised contributions chart that implements the consequential changes to the UNIDROIT contributions chart. It should be noted that, in accordance with the practice followed in previous revisions of the contributions chart, the attached revised chart only contemplates upwards movements from one category to the immediately higher position, even though a strict transposition of the prevailing UN parameters would have entailed the reclassification of some member States more than one category above their current level.
- 9. It should also be noted that past revisions of the contribution chart have often offered an opportunity for member States to pledge greater financial support to UNIDROIT, for instance by accepting voluntarily to move more than one grade higher within the chart or by waiving the right to downward reclassification.
- 10. Lastly, the Secretariat points out that the proposed adjustments entail the application of the existing criteria to the existing number of categories, and do not contemplate any modification of either the classification methodology, or the number of categories intended to address some of the most notorious shortcomings identified by the Finance Committee in the past (e.g. the large gap between categories I and II, and the relatively high contribution due by the smaller economies in category VIII). Neither have the proposed adjustments addressed another aspect criticised by the Finance Committee in previous years, namely the lack of synchronicity with revisions of the United nations scale of assessments, which means that UNIDROIT revises its scale using the scales then prevailing at the United Nations one year before that Organisation revises its own chart. Should the Finance Committee wish to undertake a substantive revision of the contributions chart or to alter its periodicity, the Secretariat would be happy to offer any assistance that the Finance Committee may require.

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

11. The Secretariat invites the Finance Committee to take note of the information provided above and consider the proposals it wishes to submit to the General Assembly for the reclassification of certain member States in the contributions chart in accordance with article 16 of the Unidroit Statute.



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Seventieth session Agenda item 138

Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 23 December 2015

[on the report of the Fifth Committee (A/70/416/Add.1)]

70/245. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations

The General Assembly,

Recalling its previous resolutions and decisions on the scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations, including its resolutions 55/5 B and C of 23 December 2000, 57/4 B of 20 December 2002, 58/1 B of 23 December 2003, 61/237 of 22 December 2006, 64/248 of 24 December 2009 and 67/238 of 24 December 2012 and its decision 68/548 of 27 December 2013,

Reaffirming Article 17 of the Charter of the United Nations and rule 160 of its rules of procedure,

Recalling paragraphs 5 and 6 of its resolution 58/1 B,

Having considered the report of the Committee on Contributions on its seventy-fifth session¹ and the report of the Secretary-General on multi-year payment plans,²

- 1. *Takes note* of the report of the Committee on Contributions on its seventy-fifth session;¹
- 2. *Reaffirms* that the determination of the scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations shall remain the prerogative of the General Assembly;
- 3. Also reaffirms the fundamental principle that the expenses of the Organization shall be apportioned broadly according to capacity to pay;
- 4. Further reaffirms the obligation of all Member States to bear the expenses of the United Nations, as apportioned by the General Assembly, in conformity with Article 17, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations;
- 5. *Reaffirms* that the Committee on Contributions as a technical body is required to prepare the scale of assessments strictly on the basis of reliable, verifiable and comparable data;

² A/70/69.







¹ Official Records of the General Assembly, Seventieth Session, Supplement No. 11 (A/70/11).

- 6. *Decides* that the scale of assessments for the period from 2016 to 2018 shall be based on the following elements and criteria:
 - (a) Estimates of gross national income;
 - (b) Average statistical base periods of three and six years;
- (c) Conversion rates based on market exchange rates, except where that would cause excessive fluctuations and distortions in the income of some Member States, when price-adjusted rates of exchange or other appropriate conversion rates should be employed, taking due account of its resolution 46/221 B of 20 December 1991;
- (d) The debt-burden approach employed in the scale of assessments for the period from 2013 to 2015;
- (e) A low per capita income adjustment of 80 per cent, with a threshold per capita income limit of the average per capita gross national income of all Member States for the statistical base periods;
 - (f) A minimum assessment rate of 0.001 per cent;
- (g) A maximum assessment rate for the least developed countries of 0.01 per cent;
 - (h) A maximum assessment rate of 22 per cent;
- 7. Recognizes that the current methodology can be enhanced, bearing in mind the principle of capacity to pay;
- 8. Requests the Committee on Contributions, in accordance with its mandate and the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, to review and make recommendations on the elements of the methodology of the scale of assessments in order to reflect the capacity of Member States to pay, and to report thereon to the Assembly by the main part of its seventy-third session;
- 9. *Notes* that there were limitations in the data set available for the preparation of the scale of assessments;
- 10. Requests the Committee on Contributions, in accordance with rule 160 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, to consider all relevant data in appeals submitted by Member States that may affect their capacity to pay;
- 11. *Encourages* Member States to submit national accounts data under the 1993 and the 2008 System of National Accounts on a timely basis;
- 12. Supports the efforts of the Statistics Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the Secretariat in supporting statistics at the national level and in providing support to countries and regional organizations to enhance coordination, advocacy and resources for the implementation of the 1993 and the 2008 System of National Accounts;
- 13. Resolves that the scale of assessments for the contributions of Member States to the regular budget of the United Nations for 2016, 2017 and 2018 shall be as follows:

Member State	Percentage
Afghanistan	0.006
Albania	0.008
Algeria	0.161
Andorra	0.006
Angola	0.010
Antigua and Barbuda	0.002
Argentina	0.892
Armenia	0.006
Australia	2.337
Austria	0.720
Azerbaijan	0.060
Bahamas	0.014
Bahrain	0.044
Bangladesh	0.010
Barbados	0.007
Belarus	0.056
Belgium	0.885
Belize	0.001
Benin	0.003
Bhutan	0.001
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	0.012
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.013
Botswana	0.014
Brazil	3.823
Brunei Darussalam	0.029
Bulgaria	0.045
Burkina Faso	0.004
Burundi	0.001
Cabo Verde	0.001
Cambodia	0.004
Cameroon	0.010
Canada	2.921
Central African Republic	0.001
Chad	0.005
Chile	0.399
China	7.921
Colombia	0.322
Comoros	0.001
Congo	0.006
Costa Rica	0.047
Côte d'Ivoire	0.009
Croatia	0.009

Member State	Percentage
Cuba	0.065
Cyprus	0.043
Czech Republic	0.344
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	0.005
Democratic Republic of the Congo	0.008
Denmark	0.584
Djibouti	0.001
Dominica	0.001
Dominican Republic	0.046
Ecuador	0.067
Egypt	0.152
El Salvador	0.014
Equatorial Guinea	0.010
Eritrea	0.001
Estonia	0.038
Ethiopia	0.010
Fiji	0.003
Finland	0.456
France	4.859
Gabon	0.017
Gambia	0.001
Georgia	0.008
Germany	6.389
Ghana	0.016
Greece	0.471
Grenada	0.001
Guatemala	0.028
Guinea	0.002
Guinea-Bissau	0.001
Guyana	0.002
Haiti	0.003
Honduras	0.008
Hungary	0.161
Iceland	0.023
India	0.737
Indonesia	0.504
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	0.471
Iraq	0.129
Ireland	0.129
Israel	0.333
Italy	3.748
Jamaica	0.009

Member State	Percentage
Japan	9.680
Jordan	0.020
Kazakhstan	0.191
Kenya	0.018
Kiribati	0.001
Kuwait	0.285
Kyrgyzstan	0.002
Lao People's Democratic Republic	0.003
Latvia	0.050
Lebanon	0.046
Lesotho	0.001
Liberia	0.001
Libya	0.125
Liechtenstein	0.007
Lithuania	0.072
Luxembourg	0.064
Madagascar	0.003
Malawi	0.002
Malaysia	0.322
Maldives	0.002
Mali	0.003
Malta	0.016
Marshall Islands	0.001
Mauritania	0.002
Mauritius	0.012
Mexico	1.435
Micronesia (Federated States of)	0.001
Monaco	0.010
Mongolia	0.005
Montenegro	0.004
Morocco	0.054
Mozambique	0.004
Myanmar	0.010
Namibia	0.010
Nauru	0.001
Nepal	0.001
	1.482
Netherlands New Zealand	0.268
	0.208
Nicaragua	
Niger	0.002 0.209
Nigeria	0.209

Member State	Percentage
Oman	0.113
Pakistan	0.093
Palau	0.001
Panama	0.034
Papua New Guinea	0.004
Paraguay	0.014
Peru	0.136
Philippines	0.165
Poland	0.841
Portugal	0.392
Qatar	0.269
Republic of Korea	2.039
Republic of Moldova	0.004
Romania	0.184
Russian Federation	3.088
Rwanda	0.002
Saint Kitts and Nevis	0.001
Saint Lucia	0.001
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	0.001
Samoa	0.001
San Marino	0.003
Sao Tome and Principe	0.001
Saudi Arabia	1.146
Senegal	0.005
Serbia	0.032
Seychelles	0.001
Sierra Leone	0.001
Singapore	0.447
Slovakia	0.160
Slovenia	0.084
Solomon Islands	0.001
Somalia	0.001
South Africa	0.364
South Sudan	0.003
Spain	2.443
Sri Lanka	0.031
Sudan	0.010
Suriname	0.006
Swaziland	0.002
Sweden	0.956
Switzerland	1.140
Syrian Arab Republic	0.024

Member State	Percentage
Tajikistan	0.004
Thailand	0.291
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	0.007
Timor-Leste	0.003
Togo	0.001
Tonga	0.001
Trinidad and Tobago	0.034
Tunisia	0.028
Turkey	1.018
Turkmenistan	0.026
Tuvalu	0.001
Uganda	0.009
Ukraine	0.103
United Arab Emirates	0.604
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	4.463
United Republic of Tanzania	0.010
United States of America	22.000
Uruguay	0.079
Uzbekistan	0.023
Vanuatu	0.001
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	0.571
Viet Nam	0.058
Yemen	0.010
Zambia	0.007
Zimbabwe	0.004
Total	100.000

- 14. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on multi-year payment plans² and the related conclusions and recommendations of the Committee on Contributions;¹
 - 15. Reaffirms paragraph 1 of its resolution 57/4 B;
- 16. *Urges* all Member States to pay their assessed contributions in full, on time and without imposing conditions;
- 17. *Urges* all Member States currently in arrears to settle those arrears promptly and in full;
- 18. *Encourages* Member States in arrears with their assessed contributions to the United Nations to consider submitting multi-year payment plans;

19. Resolves that:

- (a) Notwithstanding the terms of financial regulation 3.10 of the Financial Regulations and Rules of the United Nations, ³ the Secretary-General shall be empowered to accept, at his discretion and after consultation with the Chair of the Committee on Contributions, a portion of the contributions of Member States for the calendar years 2016, 2017 and 2018 in currencies other than the United States dollar;
- (b) In accordance with financial regulation 3.9, the Holy See, which is not a member of the United Nations but which participates in certain of its activities, shall be called upon to contribute towards the expenses of the Organization for 2016, 2017 and 2018 on the basis of a notional assessment rate of 0.001 per cent, which represents the basis for the calculation of the flat annual fees to be charged to the Holy See in accordance with its resolution 44/197 B of 21 December 1989;
- (c) In accordance with financial regulation 3.9, the State of Palestine, which is not a member of the United Nations but which participates in certain of its activities, shall be called upon to contribute towards the expenses of the Organization for 2016, 2017 and 2018 on the basis of a notional assessment rate of 0.007 per cent, which represents the basis for the calculation of the flat annual fees to be charged to the State of Palestine in accordance with its resolution 44/197 B.

82nd plenary meeting 23 December 2015

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³ ST/SGB/2013/4.

Adjusted Chart of Member States Contributions to the UNIDROIT Budget for the period 2018-2023 Compared to Contributions Chart in Force 2012-2017
(Based on current unit of contribution for comparison purposes)

UN Budget parameters

Budget 2017

(on our one unit	OI COI	ntribution for compari		idget parai	meters		Budget 2017			Budget 2018		Difference
				ON BO	uget parai	neters	-	Budget 2017			Budget 2010		Directice
	Corresponding												
Category	range of contribution	Units	State	UN budget	UN budget	UN budget	Units	Unit	Contr.	Units	Unit	Contr.	
	to UN budget			assessment	assessment	assessment		value	2017		value	2018	
			01.1	2010-2012	2013-2015	2016-2018	50	6.0.500	6.407.500		6.0.500	6.407.500	
	3% +		China France	3,187 6,123	5,148 5,593	7,921 4,859	50 50	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 126.500 € 126.500	50 50	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 126.500 € 126.500	€ 0 € 0
			Germany	8,018	7,141	6,389	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	€ 0
			Italy	4,999	4,448	3,748	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	€ 0
ı		50	Japan	12,530	10,833	9,680	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	€ 0
			Russian Federation	1,602	2,438	3,088	22	€ 2.530	€ 55.660	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	€ 70.840
			United Kingdom	6,604	5,179	4,463	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	€ 0
			United States	22,000	22,000	22,000	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	50	€ 2.530	€ 126.500	€ 0
			Australia Brazil	1,933 1,611	2,074 2,934	2,337 3,823	18 18	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 45.540 € 45.540	22 22	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 55.660 € 55.660	€ 10.120 € 10.120
Ш	2%-3%	22	Brazii Canada	3,207	2,934 2,984	2,921	50	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 45.540 € 126.500	22	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 55.660	€ 10.120 -€ 70.840
"	2 /0=3 /0	22	Republic of Korea	2,260	1,994	2,039	22	€ 2.530	€ 55.660	22	€ 2.530	€ 55.660	€ 0
			Spain	3,177	2,973	2,443	22	€ 2.530	€ 55.660	22	€ 2.530	€ 55.660	€ 0
			Mexico	2,356	1,842	1,435	13	€ 2.530	€ 32.890	18	€ 2.530	€ 45.540	€ 12.650
111	1%-2%	18	Netherlands	1,855	1,654	1,482	18	€ 2.530	€ 45.540	18	€ 2.530	€ 45.540	€ 0
			Switzerland	1,130	1,047	1,140	18	€ 2.530	€ 45.540	18	€ 2.530	€ 45.540	€ 0
			Belgium	1,075	0,998	0,885	18	€ 2.530	€ 45.540	13	€ 2.530	€ 32.890	<i>-€ 12.650</i>
IV	0.960%-0.99%	13	Saudi Arabia	0,830	0,864	1,146	11	€ 2.530	€ 27.830	13	€ 2.530	€ 32.890	€ 5.060
			Sweden Austria	1,064 0.851	0,960 0.798	0,956 0.720	18	€ 2.530	€ 45.540	13 11	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 32.890	-€ 12.650
			Austria Denmark	0,851	0,798	0,720	11	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 27.830 € 27.830	11	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 27.830 € 27.830	€ 0 € 0
			India	0,730	0,666	0,384	9	€ 2.530	€ 22.770	11	€ 2.530	€ 27.830 € 27.830	€ 5.060
V	0.5%-0.959%	11	Norway	0,871	0,851	0,849	11	€ 2.530	€ 27.830	11	€ 2.530	€ 27.830	€ 0
			Poland	0,828	0,921	0,841	11	€ 2.530	€ 27.830	11	€ 2.530	€ 27.830	€ 0
			Turkey	0,617	1,328	1,018	9	€ 2.530	€ 22.770	11	€ 2.530	€ 27.830	€ 5.060
			Argentina	0,287	0,432	0,892	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	9	€ 2.530	€ 22.770	€ 2.530
	0.450%-0.499%		Finland	0,566	0,519	0,456	11	€ 2.530	€ 27.830	9	€ 2.530	€ 22.770	-€ 5.060
VI		9	Greece	0,691	0,638	0,471	11	€ 2.530	€ 27.830	9	€ 2.530	€ 22.770	-€ 5.060
			Indonesia	0,238	0,346	0,504	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	9	€ 2.530	€ 22.770	€ 2.530
			Iran	0,233	0,356	0,471	8 8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	9	€ 2.530	€ 22.770	€ 2.530
			Venezuela Chile	0,314 0,236	0,627 0,334	0,571 0,399	8	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 20.240 € 20.240	8	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 22.770 € 20.240	€ 2.530 € 0
			Colombia	0,144	0,259	0,322	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	€ 0
			Czech Republic	0,349	0,386	0,344	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	€ 0
			Egypt	0,094	0,134	0,152	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	€ 7.590
			Hungary	0,291	0,266	0,161	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	€ 0
VII	0.115%-0.449%	8	Ireland	0,498	0,418	0,335	9	€ 2.530	€ 22.770	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	-€ 2.530
• • • •	0.11070 0.11770		Israel	0,384	0,396	0,430	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	€ 0
			Nigeria	0,078	0,090	0,209	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	€ 7.590
			Portugal	0,511	0,474	0,392	9	€ 2.530	€ 22.770	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	-€ 2.530
			Romania Slovakia	0,177 0.142	0,226 0.171	0,184 0.160	8 8	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 20.240 € 20.240	8	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 20.240 € 20.240	€ 0 € 0
			South Africa	0,142	0,171	0,160	9	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 22.770	8	€ 2.530	€ 20.240	-€ 2.530
			Bulgaria	0,038	0,047	0,045	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
			Croatia	0,097	0,126	0,099	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
			Cyprus	0,046	0,047	0,043	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
	0.005%-0.114%		Estonia	0,040	0,040	0,038	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
			Latvia	0,038	0,047	0,050	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
			Lithuania	0,065	0,073	0,072	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
VIII		5	Luxembourg	0,090	0,081	0,064	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
			Malta	0,017	0,016	0,016	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
			Pakistan	0,082 0,007	0,085 0,010	0,093 0,014	5 5	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 12.650 € 12.650	5 5	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 12.650 € 12.650	€ 0 € 0
			Paraguay Serbia	0,007	0,010	0,014	5	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 12.650 € 12.650	5	€ 2.530 € 2.530	€ 12.650 € 12.650	€0
			Slovenia	0,037	0,100	0,032	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
			Tunisia	0,030	0,036	0,028	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
			Uruguay	0,027	0,052	0,079	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	5	€ 2.530	€ 12.650	€ 0
Cnosic!	0.0019/. 0.0049/	1	Holy See	0,001	0,001	0,001	1	€ 2.530	€ 2.530	1	€ 2.530	€ 2.530	€ 0
Special	0.001%-0.004%	'	San Marino	0,003	0,003	0,003	1	€ 2.530	€ 2.530	1	€ 2.530	€ 2.530	€ 0